The Pharmaceutical Journal says that according to the testimony of Professor Greenish and other English pharmacists who had the good fortune to fraternize with the late Professor Bourquelot "at conferences or as visitors to him at the Hospital Laenneche was a man of surpassing personal amenity and charm, of the friendliest and kindliest disposition, ever anxious and delighted to be of service even to strangers who had no claim upon his time or attention, a man of science in whom there was no pretense or dogmatism, a master of pure and eloquent French, whose lectures were models of lucidity and clear musical enunciation, and in his refinement, culture, and winning courtesy and chivalrousness a perfect example of the French gentleman, by nature and nurture, than whom in human civilization there is no higher moral product."

His well-known book on soluble ferments was published in 1896. As editor of the *Journal de Pharmacie et de Chimie* and as a man of science his reputation was world-wide. A sketch of the deceased is printed in August issue of 1920, p. 757, THIS JOURNAL, and references to him will be found in the February number pp. 146 and 148. He was an Honorary Member of the AMERICAN PHARMACEU-TICAL ASSOCIATION.

OTTMAR EBERBACH.

Ottmar Eberbach died at his home in Ann Arbor, late in January, aged seventy-five years. Though largely interested in supplying scientific apparatus and chemicals to educational and scientific institutions, the pharmacy in Ann Arbor has been continued, and enjoys the reputation of a finely appointed prescription drug store. He was a member of the original board of directors of the University of Michigan School of Music. His interest in civic affairs is shown by the naming of one of the Ann Arbor public schools in his honor. Mr. Eberbach became a member of the AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSO-CIATION in 1869. A brief sketch appears in the November issue, 1919, of THIS JOURNAL, p. 887.

RICHARD N. DODDS.

Richard N. Dodds, of Springfield, Illinois, passed away January 21st. Mr. Dodds for a number of years was secretary of the Illinois Pharmaceutical Association. He was seventy years old and a pioneer druggist of Springfield, having been in business there for nearly fifty years. Mr. Dodds was well and favorably known in pharmaceutical circles throughout the state. He joined the AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION in 1902.

JACOB BURGHEIM.

We are advised of the death of Jacob Burgheim, veteran druggist, of Houston, Texas, but have no data from which to prepare a sketch. Mr. Burgheim was one of the oldest members of the Texas Pharmaceutical Association, in which organization he was active for many years, and a life member. He was an ex-president of that Association, and during several years a representative to the AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSO-CIATION, of which he became a member in 1892.

SOCIETIES AND COLLEGES.

MEETING AMERICAN DRUG MANU-FACTURERS' ASSOCIATION.

The tenth annual meeting of the American Drug Manufacturers' Association will be held at the Hotel Biltmore, New York City, April 11–14. The meeting of the scientific section will be called to order at 10 A. M., Monday, April 11th, and will comprise three sessions, a morning and afternoon session on the eleventh and a morning session on Tuesday, April 12th. The biological section will meet for a single session at 2.00 P. M. on the 11th of April, while the meeting of the association as a whole will open at 2.00 P. M., April 12th, and continue through April 14th, closing with a banquet on the evening of the latter date.

The convention will deal, for the most

part, with the changes wrought by the present economic state of the country, involving such problems as the transition from seller's to a buyer's market and the slowing up of collections. The alcoholic medicinal problem will again be made the principal topic of discussion at one of the sessions, and prominent outside speakers will be heard on this subject.

One of the most unique features of the convention will be a debate on the very widely discussed problem of the sales tax. The services of the most authoritative and magnetic speakers on each side of the question will be secured and, after the manner of a regular debate, time will be allowed each speaker for rebuttal. The debate will then be followed by discussion on the floor.

OFFICERS OF MINNESOTA STATE PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION.

The attendance at the Minnesota State Pharmaceutical Association, February 7th, was the largest in its history; the additions during the convention bring the membership to over 1300. President Phillips and Secretary Falkenhainer of the Iowa Association were present. President E. L. Newcomb recommended a change in the present system of electing officers to that of the AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION, by mail vote. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, E. A. Grouchau, Duluth; first vice-president, Hon. H. C. Trowbridge, Austin; second vice-president, M. G. Johnson, Fulda; third vice-president, Miss F. M. Greenwalt, St. Paul; secretary, Gustav Bachman, Minneapolis; treasurer, Myron A. Karras, St. Paul. Executive committee for three-year term, E. L. Newcomb, Minneapolis.

MID-WINTER MEETING OF THE OHIO PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION.

The semi-annual meeting of the Ohio Pharmaceutical Association was held in Columbus February 3rd. The subjects for consideration pertained largely to legislation and publicity. Chairman E. G. Winger of the press committee made a report and outlined plans for work during the next six months. President Schwilk presided and presented an address; the suggestions therein were adopted by the convention. It was expressed that the poison and narcotic laws of the state should be under the supervision of the State Board of Pharmacy.

NEW ORLEANS TO ORGANIZE A RE-TAIL DRUGGISTS' ASSOCIATION.

A movement was started for organizing a retail druggists' association in New Orleans. Adam Wirth was chairman of the meeting and J. J. Kemler secretary. A committee with Sidney J. Besthoff, chairman, and members J. A. Legendre, Adam Wirth, Christian Schertz, Frank C. Nuccio, Charles L. Fielder and Fred W. Ames, has the organization in charge.

NEW ORLEANS DRUGGISTS' GLEE CLUB.

New Orleans druggists are exhibiting the get-together spirit. A Glee Club has been organized with Robert F. Grace, president; Frank J. Nuccio, first vice-president; William A. Worner, second vice-president; Elliot Jacob, third vice-president; Joseph Clesi, secretary-treasurer, and R. Menendez, sergeant-at-arms. Other members comprise many from the New Orleans A. Ph. A. membership.

WEST VIRGINIA PHARMACISTS URGE NEW STATE DRY LAW.

The West Virginia Pharmaceutical Association has taken official notice of and will urge the passage of a bill which is pending in the State Legislature, to meet for the long session on March 16th, which has for its purpose, if passed, to make the state prohibition laws coincident to the Volstead national prohibition act. The matter is being taken up through members of the association with legislators in all counties of the state and a determined effort will be made to have the bill passed when the Legislature meets again.

CONFERENCE OF NORTHWESTERN PHARMACY DEANS.

An important conference of the deans of the pharmacy schools in Oregon, Washington and Montana, was recently held in Portland.

It was called primarily so that each school could get better acquainted with the type of work given in the other schools. It was found that all of the five schools represented required full four years of high school for admission of candidates for degrees and it was agreed to maintain this standard. Special students, not candidates for degrees, must have not less than two years of high school.

The question of the three-year course as the minimum for a degree for students entering, as will be required by the American Conference of Pharmaceutical Faculties, was discussed. The opinion was expressed that the northwest schools were ready to make this requirement at an earlier date.

Some of the most helpful results of the conference were, first, consideration of the courses of study making up the curricula of the several schools, and, second, the subject This conmatter of the various courses. ference was only a preliminary meeting and others will follow each year. An effort will be made to make the curricula of the several schools more uniform in so far as their local conditions will permit. It was also agreed that at the next conference all members of the faculties of the several schools should be present and that special emphasis in the conference will be given to a discussion of teaching methods.

Dean Miller of North Pacific College, Portland, acted as chairman of the meeting, and C. W. Johnson of the University of Washington acted as secretary. Dean Ziefle, of Oregon Agricultural College, Dean Dirstine, of Washington State, and Dean Mollet, of the University of Montana, were also present.

VALPARAISO UNIVERSITY DONATED TO VALPARAISO, IND.

A million-dollar gift was acquired by citizens of Valparaiso when Henry Kinzie Brown, former president of Valparaiso University, presented complete ownership of the institution's grounds, buildings and equipment to them in the name of the Brown family.

FEW LABORATORY MEN IN MEDICINE.

Dean Edsall of the Harvard Medical School said in his report that in the laboratory branches there was a disturbing paucity of capable and well-trained instructors, and even of seniors. To meet this need Dean Edsall announced that the Harvard Medical School faculty had decided to offer the degree of doctor of medical sciences.

THE SERVICE OF PHARMACY TO THE STATE AND NATION.

In an article for the press Dean L. E. Sayre speaks of the service of pharmacy, and impresses on the people of Kansas the need for adequate support of the Schools of Pharmacy and Medicine in the State University.

BISHOP WM. PROCTER REMINGTON AT IOWA COLLEGE OF PHARMACY.

Bishop Wm. Procter Remington recently addressed the students of the Iowa College of Pharmacy. He told them of some of the characteristics of his father, Joseph Price Remington, characteristics little known to students, and of his father's ideals. He directed attention to the great opportunities a pharmacist has for influence in his community, that every drug store has an atmosphere of its own and that it is created by the proprietor and his helpers. Bishop Remington was introduced by E. L. Boerner, professor emeritus and formerly dean of the college.

NEW YORK. COLLEGE OF PHARMACY AIDS PHARMACY IN WUCHANG.

Last year, one of the graduates of the New York College of Pharmacy was Neilie Choy Wong, a Chinese girl educated in this country by the Episcopal Board of Missions. Upon her graduation Miss Wong was assigned to the Wuchang Hospital as pharmacist and teacher of pharmacy. Recently in a letter to one of the New York College faculty, Miss Wong picturesquely described her attempts to teach pharmacy to two pupils, without the aid of any apparatus whatsoever. The letter was referred to the Board of Trustees of the College who met the financial needs of their, alumna.

PHILADELPHIA COLLEGE OF PHAR-MACY AND SCIENCE CELEBRATES 100TH BIRTHDAY.

The celebration of Founders' Day of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy was opened in historic Carpenter's Hall, on the afternoon of February 23rd. It is worthy of note that the records of the institution are complete from its beginning, and it was most impressive to hear resolutions read from these, and from the very platform where had stood, a hundred years before, the presiding officers of that historic meeting, and to note in the audience descendants of the men who had taken so conspicuous a part in directing the early affairs of American pharmacy. Henry Troth, grandson of Henry Troth, one of the founders, and Samuel H. Troth, a nephew; Wm. Shewell Ellis, grandson of Charles Ellis; Charles Marshall, grandson of Charles Marshall, founder, and first president, and a number of others, whose ancestors had participated in the establishment and the development of the college, were in attendance.

President Howard B. French introduced Chairman George M. Beringer, of the Board of Trustees, who spoke on the early history and development of the college. He brought out many significant facts relative to the condition of the drug trade of that period, and showed forcefully that the hundred years which had passed had been a hundred years of progress.

A large representative delegation attended from New York; Prof. Henry P. Hynson came from Baltimore, and President-elect Hilton of the A. Ph. A. from Washington. Representatives of the medical profession, the University of Pennsylvania, various associations, and visitors from other cities were also present. The program was continued at night in the College Building. President Howard B. French presided, and the speakers were Dean Charles H. LaWall, Dr. H. V. Arny, Hon. J. Hampton Moore, Mayor of the City of Philadelphia, and Prof. Samuel P. Sadtler. The subject of the first speaker was "The Founding of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy;" Dr. H. V. Arny spoke on "The Pharmacy of One Hundred Years Ago and To-day." The Mayor expressed his interest and that of Philadelphia in the

THE PHARMACIST AND THE LAW. REGULATIONS FOR THE PRACTICE individuals. They ma OF PHARMACY IN THE REPUBLIC members of the medi OF PANAMA. use in art and industry

A National Council of Pharmacy, by creation of the National Council of Hygiene, regulates the practice of pharmacy in the Republic of Panama. The National Council of Pharmacy consists of five qualified pharmacists, appointed every two years; the officers are a president, one vice-president and a secretary; no person can engage in or carry on the practice of pharmacy in the Republic save by the authority of the Council. All holders of foreign diplomas issued by a statutory authority of the country of origin will be admitted to practice on producing valid documentary credentials, together with a payment of three balboas, equivalent to three dollars, this being the prescribed fee for a license to practice. But this is only a provisional license for six months, on the expiry of which the license-holder, in order to remain in practice, must pass an examination for which a fee of 50 balboas, to be paid into the National Treasury, is chargeable. On and after March 5, 1926, all pharmacies not in the charge of a duly qualified pharmacist, or for which a license has not been obtained, will be closed. A new shop cannot be opened, unless by authority of the Council, upon which is imposed the duty of keeping a correct register of all pharmacists in the country. Provision was made for the registration of those in business, but after the expiration of that period all those who failed to register, or whose names do not appear on the register, are liable to a fine of five dollars. It is now unlawful under the law for an unregistered vendor to sell any drugs or chemicals for medicinal use under a penalty of 25 balboas for a first and 50 balboas for each subsequent offense. If any proprietary medicine is sold without the express authorization of the Council the vendor may be amerced in a fine of from 10 to 20 balboas. It is forbidden to sell poisons to private

institution, and Professor Sadtler dwelt on the part pharmacists have had in the development of chemistry.

The College is to have its formal centennial observance in June in connection with its commencement, and plans are well under way for providing a new home.

individuals. They may be sold only to members of the medical profession or for use in art and industry, the package or container being labelled with the name of the poison and the name and address of the seller. Medical practitioners are permitted to open pharmacies and practice pharmacy, provided that they conform to the same legal requirements as pharmacists. The fine for contravention of such requirements by a medical practitioner is 50 balboas. The Council of Pharmacy is invested with disciplinary power to suspend from practice any registered pharmacist who is found to be guilty of addiction to alcohol, cocaine, or morphine; this suspension to be decreed by the Governor of the province in which the addict resides. For the present, in order that there may be an official standard for drugs and medicinal preparations, the United States Pharmacopoeia is adopted. All prescriptions must be written plainly in Spanish or Latin, and signed and dated by the prescriber, along with the name of the patient. The dispenser is to copy the prescription into a book kept for the purpose, and the book preserved for not less than a year from the date of entry. The pharmacist is required, if called upon, to furnish a copy of the prescription to the customer. And if an excessive dose or an error occurs in the prescription, it devolves upon the pharmacist to make any necessary correction, or to communicate on the subject by letter with the prescriber. The metric system of weights and measures is made compulsory for dispensing, and all pharmaceutical operations involving weighing and measuring.-Abstracted from the Pharmaceutical Journal and Pharmacist.

NEW TEXAS ADVERTISING LAW.

Any person, firm, corporation or association, who, with intent to sell or in any wise dispose of merchandise, securities, service, or anything offered by such person, firm, corporation or association, directly or indi-